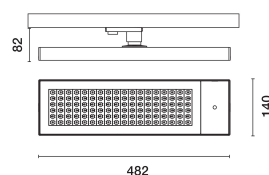


Last information update: January 2025

Product configuration: PZ40.S2

PZ40.S2: Luminaire L=482 - DALI-2 Sensor - Very Wide Flood (Down) optic - UGR<19 - 18.6W 2479.5lm - 3000K - CRI 90 - Black/White/White Transparent

**Product code**

PZ40.S2: Luminaire L=482 - DALI-2 Sensor - Very Wide Flood (Down) optic - UGR<19 - 18.6W 2479.5lm - 3000K - CRI 90 - Black/White/White Transparent

Technical description

Luminaire made of painted extruded aluminium, frame and caps made of injection-moulded thermoplastic. Very Wide Flood optic (80°) in a Space Opti-Diamond (PMMA) version with a rear cover available in a White (Transparent White) or Black (Transparent Black) version. Integrated DALI-2 power supply and 3000K CRI90 direct emission monochrome LED lamp (Mid-Power). Version with UGR < 19 controlled luminance - in compliance with the standard for use in environments with video monitors ($L \leq 3000$ cd/m²). Luminaire complete with DALI-2 sensor and light and motion detector, for compatible DALI-2 control systems. Option of rotation around a vertical axis by 360° with a mechanical rotation lock.

Installation

Mounted on mains voltage tracks.

Positioning height min 2.4 m / max 5 m for motion and min 2.4 m / max 3 m as a light and motion sensor.

For other height positioning values and distances between luminaires, contact iGuzzini or refer to the instruction sheets.

Example of typical motion sensor coverage diameter: 5 m (@ 4 m h for installation).

Dynamic lighting range: 1-1000 lx.

Movement detection angle 84°.

Detection angle for light measurement 30° - 60° (asymmetric).

Colour

Black/White/White Transparent (S2)

Weight (Kg)

1.66

Wiring

Power supply via DALI bus (consumption 9 mA).

Notes

DALI EN 62386-101 ed.2 (DALI-2) The sensor used is DALI-2 certified. DALI parts 101,103,301,303,304

For systems compatible with the DALI-2 sensor, contact iGuzzini.

Complies with EN60598-1 and pertinent regulations

**Technical data**

Im system:	2480	Lamp code:	LED
W system:	16	Number of lamps for optical assembly:	1
Im source:	2850	ZVEI Code:	LED
W source:	16	Number of optical assemblies:	1
Luminous efficiency (lm/W, real value):	155	Power factor:	See installation instructions
Im in emergency mode:	-	Inrush current:	10 A / 220 µs
Total light flux at or above an angle of 90° [Lm]:	0	Maximum number of luminaires of this type per miniature circuit breaker:	B10A: 18 luminaires B16A: 30 luminaires C10A: 31 luminaires C16A: 51 luminaires
Light Output Ratio (L.O.R.) [%]:	87	Minimum dimming %:	1
CRI (minimum):	90	Overvoltage protection:	2kV Common mode & 1kV Differential mode
Colour temperature [K]:	3000	Control:	DALI-2 sensor
MacAdam Step:	3		

C35-215 $\gamma=15^\circ$
CIE
 nL 0.87
 85-97-99-100-87
 UGR 14.4-13.5
DIN
 A.61
UTE
 0.87 A+0.00 T
 $F''1=846$
 $F''1+F''2=966$
 $F''1+F''2+F''3=992$
CIBSE
 LG3 L<1500 cd/m² at 65°
 UGR<16 | L<1500 cd/mq @

	R	77	75	73	71	55	53	33	00	DRR
K0.8	72	67	63	60	66	62	62	58	67	
1.0	77	72	68	65	71	67	67	63	73	
1.5	82	79	75	73	77	75	74	70	81	
2.0	86	83	80	78	82	79	78	75	87	
2.5	88	85	84	82	84	82	81	78	90	
3.0	89	87	86	84	86	85	83	81	93	
4.0	91	89	88	87	88	87	85	83	95	
5.0	91	90	89	88	89	88	86	84	96	

Figure 1 is a graph showing the relationship between the angle of incidence (α) and the irradiance (E) for different surface materials (A, B, C) at various wavelengths (2000, 1000, 500, 750, 500, 1000, 500, <300 nm). The x-axis represents irradiance in cd/m^2 on a logarithmic scale from 10^{-2} to 10^4 . The y-axis represents the angle of incidence α in degrees from 45° to 85° . Three curves are shown: A (red dashed), B (cyan solid), and C (black solid). The curves show that for a given angle, the irradiance required increases with wavelength. The legend indicates that for wavelengths <300 nm, the irradiance is 500 cd/m^2 for A, 1000 cd/m^2 for B, and 2000 cd/m^2 for C.

UGR diagram

Corrected UGR values (at 2850 lm bare lamp luminous flux)												
Reflect.: ceiling/cav walls work pl. Room dim x y		0.70	0.70	0.50	0.50	0.30	0.70	0.70	0.50	0.50	0.30	
		0.50	0.30	0.50	0.30	0.30	0.50	0.30	0.50	0.30	0.30	
		0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	
		viewed crosswise					viewed endwise					
2H	2H	14.3	15.1	14.6	15.4	15.6	13.6	14.4	13.9	14.6	14.8	
	3H	14.4	15.1	14.8	15.4	15.7	13.5	14.2	13.8	14.5	14.8	
	4H	14.5	15.1	14.8	15.4	15.7	13.5	14.1	13.8	14.4	14.7	
	6H	14.5	15.1	14.8	15.4	15.7	13.4	14.0	13.8	14.3	14.6	
	8H	14.5	15.0	14.8	15.4	15.7	13.4	13.9	13.7	14.3	14.6	
	12H	14.4	15.0	14.8	15.3	15.7	13.3	13.9	13.7	14.2	14.6	
4H	2H	14.2	14.8	14.5	15.1	15.5	13.6	14.3	14.0	14.6	14.9	
	3H	14.3	14.9	14.7	15.2	15.6	13.6	14.2	14.0	14.5	14.9	
	4H	14.4	14.9	14.8	15.3	15.6	13.6	14.1	14.0	14.4	14.8	
	6H	14.4	14.9	14.9	15.3	15.7	13.6	14.0	14.0	14.4	14.8	
	8H	14.4	14.8	14.9	15.2	15.7	13.5	13.9	14.0	14.3	14.8	
	12H	14.4	14.8	14.9	15.2	15.7	13.5	13.8	13.9	14.3	14.7	
8H	4H	14.3	14.7	14.8	15.1	15.6	13.6	14.0	14.1	14.4	14.8	
	6H	14.4	14.7	14.9	15.2	15.6	13.6	13.9	14.1	14.4	14.8	
	8H	14.4	14.7	14.9	15.1	15.6	13.6	13.9	14.1	14.3	14.8	
	12H	14.4	14.6	14.9	15.1	15.6	13.6	13.8	14.1	14.3	14.8	
12H	4H	14.3	14.6	14.7	15.1	15.5	13.6	13.9	14.0	14.4	14.8	
	6H	14.4	14.6	14.8	15.1	15.6	13.6	13.9	14.1	14.3	14.8	
	8H	14.4	14.6	14.9	15.1	15.6	13.6	13.8	14.1	14.3	14.8	
Variations with the observer position at spacing:												
S =		1.0H	2.8 / -4.0		3.0 / -4.4							
		1.5H	5.2 / -4.6		5.3 / -5.0							
		2.0H	7.2 / -5.1		7.2 / -5.2							